

**Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) Semester—III (C.B.S.) Examination**  
**CHEMISTRY (CH-301)**  
**(Inorganic Chemistry)**  
**Paper—I**

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 50

**N.B. :—** (1) All **FIVE** questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.  
(2) Write equations and draw diagrams wherever necessary.

1. (A) What is LCAO approximation ? Construct and explain Coulson's MO diagram for CO molecule. Calculate its bond order. 5  
(B) What are interhalogen compounds ? Give any two methods of preparation of  $\text{IF}_5$  and discuss its structure. 5

**OR**

(C) Discuss the structure of Tetra-Sulphur Tetranitride. 2½  
(D) Discuss the molecular orbital energy level diagram for  $\text{N}_2$  molecule and calculate its bond order. 2½  
(E) Explain the formation of HF molecule on the basis of M.O. theory. Calculate its bond order. 2½  
(F) Discuss the structure and bonding in  $\text{I}_3^-$  ion. 2½  
2. (A) Discuss the first transition elements with respect to :  
(i) Oxidation state, and  
(ii) Catalytic activity. 5  
(B) (i) Discuss acid-base reactions in liquid ammonia and liquid sulphur dioxide. Give one example of each.  
(ii) Discuss the complex formation tendency of first transition elements. 5

**OR**

(C) Discuss the classification of Non-aqueous solvents on the basis of ionizing properties. 2½

(D) Discuss electronic configuration of first transition series elements. 2½

(E) Explain the colour properties of first transition series elements. 2½

(F) Discuss the atomic and ionic radii of 3d-block elements. 2½

3. (A) (i) Give a comparative account of the elements Cr, Mo and W with respect to their magnetic properties.  
(ii) What are the different steps involved in rejection of result on the basis of 4d rule. 5

(B) Define the terms :

(i) Mean and  
(ii) Median

A sample of steel was analysed for its chromium content, the observed values are 16.21 and 16.31%. If true value of chromium content is 16.27% :

Calculate :

(i) Absolute error, and  
(ii) Relative error in percentage. 5

**OR**

(C) Explain the terms :  
(i) Accuracy, and  
(ii) Precision. 2½

(D) Find out the significant figures in the following :  
(i) 10.04  
(ii) 0.006404  
(iii)  $7.32 \times 10^{-23}$   
(iv) 460000  
(v) 57.040. 2½

(E) Write electronic configuration of 4d block element. 2½

(F) The results for percentage of oxygen is 0.47, 0.48, 0.47 and 0.50. Find whether the value 0.50 is to be retained or rejected if Q value for four observations is 0.76. 2½

4. (A) What is Lanthanide contraction ? Explain it causes. Discuss any two consequences of Lanthanide contraction. 5

(B) (i) Explain Actinides with reference to their oxidation state.

(ii) Discuss solvent extraction method for separation of Lanthanides. 5

**OR**

(C) Explain the complex formation tendency of Lanthanides. 2½

(D) Discuss Lanthanides with reference to their electronic configuration. 2½

(E) Discuss ion exchange method of separation of lanthanides. 2½

(F) Discuss the position of actinides in periodic table. 2½

5. Attempt any **TEN** questions of the following :—

(i) Explain why  $\text{He}_2$  molecule does not exist in terms of MOT.

(ii) Draw the structure of  $\text{ICl}_4^-$  ion.

(iii) Write M.O. configuration of  $\text{O}_2$  molecule.

(iv) Why is  $\text{Zn}^{+2}$  ion dimagnetic ?

(v) Why is second ionization potential of Cr higher than those of neighbours ?

(vi) Define Protonic solvents.

(vii) Write maximum oxidation state of Co-Rh-Ir elements.

(viii) Define systematic errors.

(ix) Define standard deviations.

(x) What are transuranic elements ?

(xi) Give the name and composition of one mineral of Lanthanides.

(xii) Name any two Lanthanides exhibiting +2 oxidation state.  $1 \times 10 = 10$